

UNITIL'S MONTHLY NEWSLETTER

May 2024 | Issue No.131

30384-I-0872

SAVE MONEY: PLANT A TREE!



Did you know that Mother Nature could help you save as much as 25 to 30 percent on your heating and cooling bill? Believe it or not, a few strategically placed trees can do just that.

- Plant deciduous trees so that they shade the east and west sides of your house to save on cooling costs during the summer months.
- For the biggest benefit, plant shade trees 25-30 feet from your house.

- Plant evergreens on the north side to limit the amount of cold air that enters your home in the winter.
- Shading your AC unit from the sun's rays will keep it cooler, and allow it to run more efficiently.
- Onese evergreen shrubs planted 4-5 feet from the house foundation will block wind and provide natural insulation.
- A windbreak consisting of tall, dense evergreens should be planted at a distance of two to five times their mature height from your house.



Safety First

CAN YOU RECOGNIZE A NATURAL GAS LEAK?

Gas leaks are rare, but when they do occur, it's important to know how to spot the signs and act in a safe manner:

- Watch for debris or fire blowing up from the ground or
- You may hear a hissing sound, as the gas is pressurized or may even hear an alarm from a methane detector. A residential methane detector works like a smoke detector, using an internal sensor that measures and monitors the concentration of methane in the air. There are a range of detectors available on the market. We recommend that whatever you purchase is UL rated (UL 1484).



If you suspect a gas leak, immediately leave the a safe distance, call 9-1-1. Emergency responders and the utility company will inspect and secure the area. Here's a link with more



information on gas leaks: **UNITIL.COM/GAS-LEAK**









Overloaded electrical circuits are a major cause of residential fires. Help lower your risk by knowing what to look for:

WARNING SIGNS OF AN OVERLOADED CIRCUIT

- 1) Flickering, blinking, or dimming of lights
- (2) Warm or discolored wall plates
- Burning odor from receptacles or wall switches
- 4 Frequently tripped circuit breakers or blown fuses
- 5 Cracking, sizzling, or buzzing from receptacles
- 6 Mild shock or tingle from appliances, receptacles, or switches

HOW TO PREVENT ELECTRICAL OVERLOADS

- Never use extension cords or multi-outlet converters for appliances.
- All major appliances should be plugged directly into a wall receptacle outlet. Only plug one heat producing appliance into a receptacle outlet at a time.
- A heavy reliance on extension cords is an indication that you have too few outlets to address your needs.
 Have a qualified electrician inspect your home and add new outlets.
- Power strips only add additional outlets; they do not change the amount of power being received from the outlet.

For more electrical safety information visit: UNITIL.COM/ELECTRIC-SAFETY







IMPORTANT INFORMATION FOR OUR LIFE SUPPORT CUSTOMERS

If you or a family member uses electrically operated life support systems, we encourage you to notify Unitil by submitting a completed Physician's Certification Form, which you can find at UNITIL.COM/LIFE-SUPPORT.

As part of our storm or scheduled outage planning, Unitil makes special efforts to send advance notification to help you prepare for power outages.







